HPB

Operator's Manual

Pressure Washer

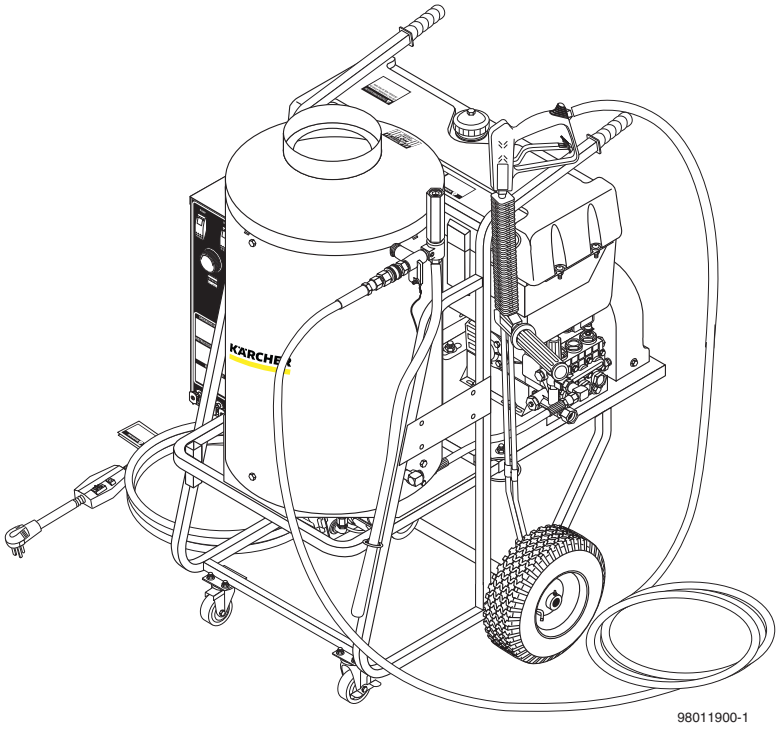
MODELS:

HPB-392007A
1.109-109.0

HPB-353007A
1.109-110.0

HPB-353007B
1.109-111.0

HPB-353007C
1.109-112.0



To locate your local Kärcher Commercial Pressure Washer Dealer nearest you,

visit www.karchercommercial.com

9.801-190.0 - W 03/22/19

Machine Data Label

Model: _____

Date of Purchase: _____

Serial Number: _____

Dealer: _____

Address: _____

Phone Number: _____

Sales Representative: _____

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How To Use This Manual

This manual contains the following sections:

- How to Use This Manual
- Safety
- Operations
- Maintenance
- Parts List

The HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL section will tell you how to find important information for ordering correct repair parts.

Parts may be ordered from authorized dealers. When placing an order for parts, the machine model and machine serial number are important. Refer to the MACHINE DATA box which is filled out during the installation of your machine. The MACHINE DATA box is located on the inside of the front cover of this manual.

Model: _____

Date of Purchase: _____

Serial Number: _____

Dealer: _____

Address: _____

Phone Number: _____

Sales Representative: _____

The SAFETY section contains important information regarding hazardous or unsafe practices of the machine. Levels of hazards are identified that could result in product damage, personal injury, or severe injury resulting in death.

The OPERATIONS section is to familiarize the operator with the operation and function of the machine.

The MAINTENANCE section contains preventive maintenance to keep the machine and its components in good working condition. They are listed in this general order:

- Storage
- Maintenance
- Troubleshooting

The PARTS LIST section contains assembled parts illustrations and corresponding parts list. The parts lists include a number of columns of information:

- **REF –** column refers to the reference number on the parts illustration.
- **PART NO.** – column lists the part number for the part.
- **QTY** – column lists the quantity of the part used in that area of the machine.
- **DESCRIPTION** – column is a brief description of the part.
- **NOTES** – column for information not noted by the other columns.

NOTE: If a service or option kit is installed on your machine, be sure to keep the KIT INSTRUCTIONS which came with the kit. It contains replacement parts numbers needed for ordering future parts.

NOTE: The manual part number is located on the lower right corner of the front cover.

Thank you for purchasing a Kärcher Pressure Washer. We reserve the right to make changes at any time without incurring any obligation.

Owner/User Responsibility:

The owner and/or user must have an understanding of the manufacturer's operating instructions and warnings before using this pressure washer. Warning information should be emphasized and understood. If the operator is not fluent in English, the manufacturer's instructions and warnings shall be read to and discussed with the operator in the operator's native language by the purchaser/owner, making sure that the operator comprehends its contents.

Owner and/or user must study and maintain for future reference the manufacturers' instructions.

The operator must know how to stop the machine quickly and understand the operation of all controls. Never permit anyone to operate the engine without proper instructions.

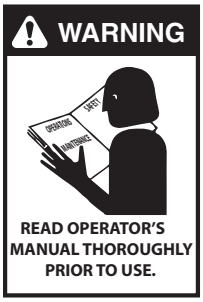
Save these Instructions

This manual should be considered a permanent part of the machine and should remain with it if machine is resold.

When ordering parts, please specify model and serial number. Use only identical replacement parts.

This machine is to be used only by trained operators.

Important Safety Information



WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury, read operating instructions carefully before using.

AVERTISSEMENT: Pour réduire le risque de blessures, lire attentivement les instructions de fonctionnement avant l'utilisation.

1.Read the owner's manual thoroughly. Failure to follow instructions could cause malfunction of the machine and result in death, serious bodily injury and/or property damage.

2. Know how to stop the machine and bleed pressure quickly. Be thoroughly familiar with the controls.
3. Stay alert — watch what you are doing.
4. All installations must comply with local codes. Contact your electrician, plumber, utility company or the selling distributor for specific details. If your machine is rated 250 volts or less, single phase will be provided with a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI). If rated more than 250 volts, or more than single phase this product should only be connected to a power supply receptacle protected by a GFCI.

DANGER: Improper connection of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in a risk of electrocution. Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if you are in doubt as to whether the outlet is properly grounded. Do not modify the plug provided with the product - if it will not fit the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician. Do not use any type of adaptor with this product

DANGER: Une mauvaise connexion du conducteur de terre de l'équipement peut entraîner un risque d'électrocution. Vérifier auprès d'un électricien qualifié ou du personnel d'entretien si vous avez des doutes quant à savoir si la sortie est correctement mise à la masse. NE PAS modifier la fiche fournie avec le produit - si elle n'entre pas dans la sortie, faire installer une sortie appropriée par un électricien qualifié. NE JAMAIS utiliser un adaptateur avec ce produit.



DANGER: Keep wand, hose, and water spray away from electric wiring or fatal electric shock may result.

DANGER: Garder la lance, le boyau et le jet d'eau à l'écart de tout câblage électrique ou des chocs électriques mortels pourraient survenir

5.To protect the operator from electrical shock, the machine must be electrically grounded. It is the responsibility of the owner to connect this machine to a UL grounded receptacle of proper voltage and amperage ratings. Do not spray water on or near electrical components. Do not touch machine with wet hands or while standing in water. Always disconnect power before servicing.



WARNING: Flammable liquids can create fumes which can ignite, causing property damage or severe injury.

AVERTISSEMENT: Des liquides inflammables peuvent produire des vapeurs qui peuvent s'enflammer, causant ainsi des dommages à la propriété ou des blessures graves.

WARNING: Risk of explosion — Operate only where open flame or torch is permitted.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d'explosion — Utiliser uniquement dans des endroits où l'utilisation d'une flamme nue ou d'une torche est permise.

6. In oil burning models, use only kerosene, No. 1 home heating fuel, or diesel. If diesel is used, add a soot remover to every tankful.



WARNING: Risk of fire — Do not add fuel when the product is operating or still hot.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d'incendie — Ne pas ajouter de carburant pendant que la machine fonctionner ou est encore chaude.

WARNING: Do not use gasoline crankcase draining or oil containing gasoline, solvents or alcohol. Doing so will result in fire and/or explosion.

AVERTISSEMENT: Ne pas utiliser d'essence, de drainage du carter de moteur ou d'essence contenant de l'huile, de solvants ou de l'alcool. Agir de la sorte risquerait de créer un incendie et/ou une explosion.

7. Oil burning appliances shall be installed only in locations where combustible dusts and flammable gases or vapors are not present. Do not store or use gasoline near this machine.
8. Do not allow acids, caustic or abrasive fluids to pass through the pump.
9. Never run pump dry or leave spray gun closed longer than 1-2 minutes.
10. Keep operating area clear of all persons.



WARNING: High pressure spray can cause paint chips or other particles to become airborne and fly at high speeds. To avoid personal injury, eye, hand and foot safety devices must be worn.

AVERTISSEMENT: Un jet haute pression peut écailler la peinture ou provoquer l'émission d'autres particules dans l'air et leur projection à hautes vitesses. Pour éviter les blessures corporelles, il faut porter des dispositifs de sécurité pour les yeux, les mains et les pieds

11. Eye,hand,and foot protection must be worn when using this equipment.



WARNING: This machine exceeds 85 db appropriate ear protection must be worn.

VERTISSEMENT: Cette machine excède 85 dB et une protection de l'ouïe appropriée doit être portée.



WARNING: Hot discharge fluid. Do not touch or direct discharge stream at persons.

AVERTISSEMENT: Liquide de décharge chaud. Ne pas diriger le débit de décharge vers des personnes

WARNING: This machine produces hot water and must have insulated components attached to protect the operator.

AVERTISSEMENT: Cette machine produit de l'eau chaude et doit comporter des composants isolés attachés pour protégerl'opérateur.



WARNING: Risk of injury. Hot surfaces can cause burns. Use only designated gripping areas of spray gun and wand. Do not place hands or feet on non-insulated areas of the pressure washer.

AVERTISSEMENT: Les surfaces chaudes peuvent causer des brûlures.Utiliser uniquement

les zones de prise désignées du pistolet pulvérisateur et de la lance. Ne pas placer les mains ou les pieds sur des endroits non isolés de la laveuse à pression.

12. To reduce the risk of injury, close supervision is necessary when a machine is used near children. Do not allow children to operate the pressure washer. This machine must be attended during operation.



WARNING: Grip cleaning wand securely with both hands before starting. Failure to do this could result in injury from a whipping wand.

AVERTISSEMENT: Agripper la lance de nettoyage avec les deux mains avant de commencer. Le non-respect de cette consigne pourrait mener à des blessures causées par le mouvement violent de la lance.

13. Never make adjustments on machine while in operation.
14. Be certain all quick coupler fittings are secured before using pressure washer.



WARNING: High pressure developed by these machines will cause personal injury or equipment damage. Keep clear of nozzle. Use caution when operating. Do not direct discharge stream at people, or severe injury or death will result.

AVERTISSEMENT: La haute pression générée par ces machines causera des lésions corporelles ou des dommages à l'équipement. Se tenir à l'écart de la buse. Ne pas décharger directement le jet vers des personnes ou des animaux, car cela risquerait de causer des blessures graves ou même la mort.



WARNING: Protect machine from freezing.

AVERTISSEMENT: Protéger la machine contre le gel.

15.To keep machine in best operating conditions, it is important you protect machine from freezing. Failure to protect machine from freezing could cause malfunction of the machine and result in death, serious bodily injury, and/or property damage. Follow storage instructions specified in this manual.

16. Inlet water must be clean fresh water and no hotter then 90°F.



WARNING: Risk of asphyxiation. Running this product indoors can result in death due to carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas you cannot see or smell. Never operate indoors, even if windows and doors are open. Only use outdoor and far away from windows, doors, and openings or vents.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d'asphyxie : L'utilisation de ce produit à l'intérieur peut causer la mort par monoxyde de carbone, un gaz toxique incolore et inodore. Ne jamais utiliser à l'intérieur, même si les fenêtres et les portes sont ouvertes. Utiliser uniquement à l'extérieur et à l'écart des fenêtres, des portes et des ouvertures ou fentes de ventilation.

17. Avoid installing machines in small areas or near exhaust fans. Adequate oxygen is needed for combustion or dangerous carbon monoxide will result.
18. Manufacturer will not be liable for any changes made to our standard machines or any components not purchased from us.
19. The best insurance against an accident is precaution and knowledge of the machine.



WARNING: Be extremely careful when using a ladder, scaffolding or any other relatively unstable location. The cleaning area should have adequate slopes and drainage to reduce the possibility of a fall due to slippery surfaces.

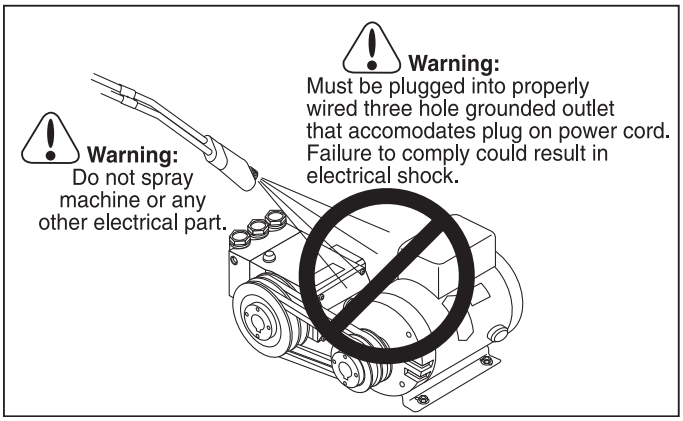
AVERTISSEMENT: Faire preuve d'une extrême prudence au moment d'utiliser une échelle, des échafaudages ou toute autre surface relativement instable. La zone de nettoyage doit avoir une pente et un drainage adéquats pour réduire la possibilité d'une chute due à une surface glissante.

20. Do not overreach or stand on unstable support. Keep good footing and balance at all times.
21. Do not operate this machine when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol, prescription medications, or drugs.



WARNING: If connection is made to a potable water system, the system shall be protected against back flow.

AVERTISSEMENT: Si une connexion est établie avec un réseau d'eau potable, le réseau doit être protégé contre le retour d'eau.

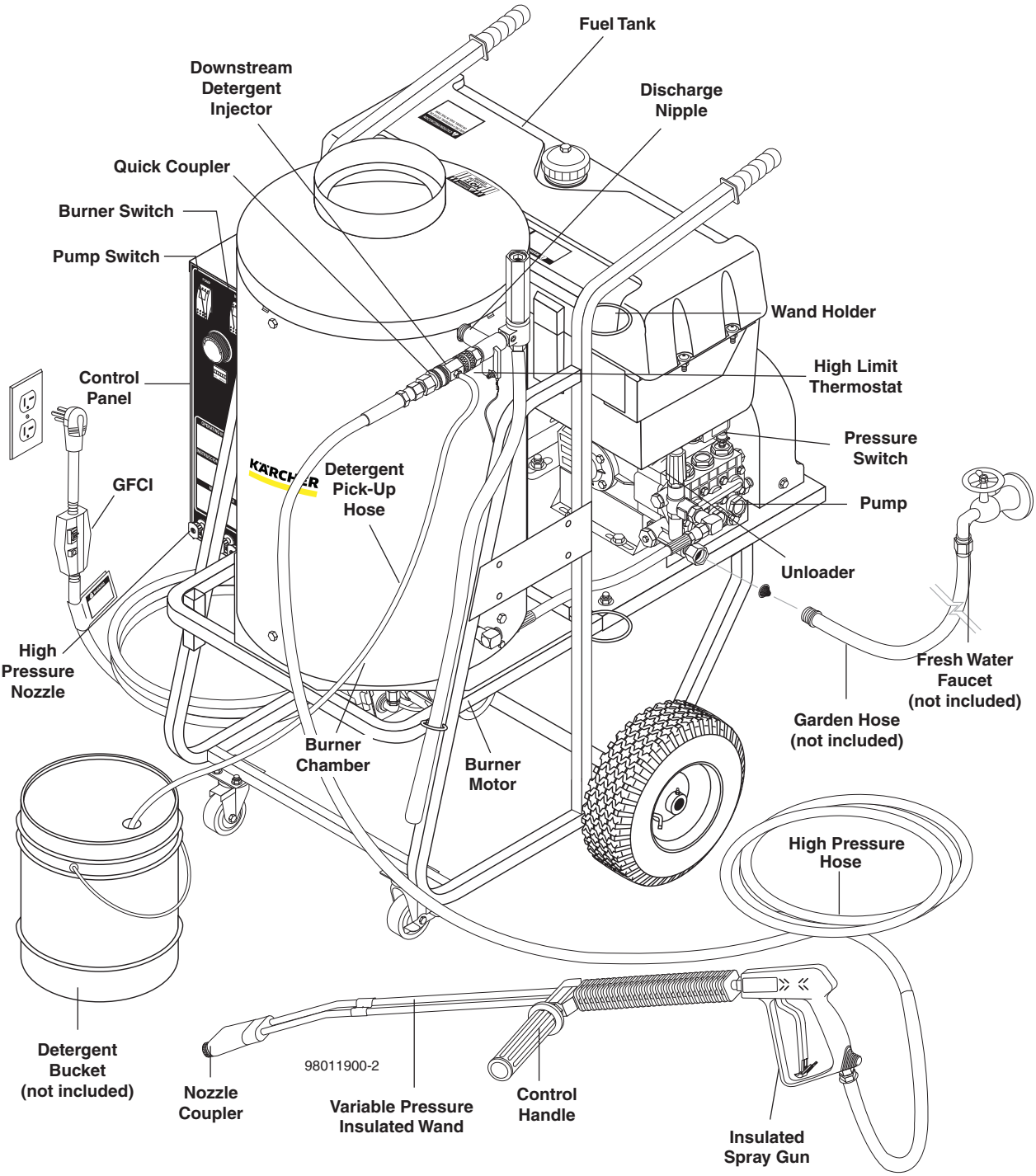




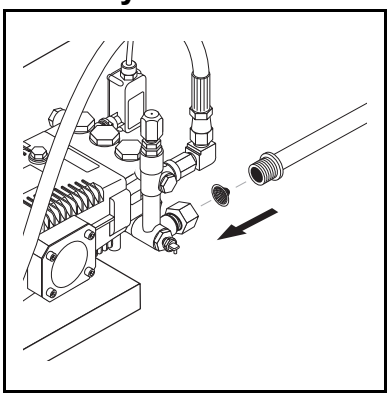
Follow the maintenance instructions specified in the manual.

Component Identification

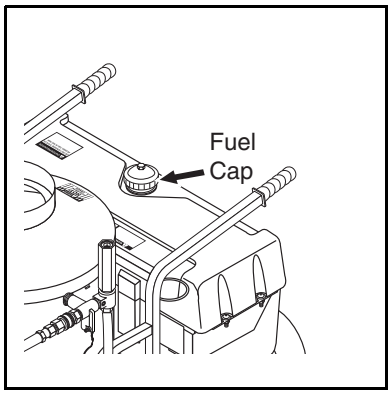
CAUTION HOT WATER: Must use insulated spray gun and wand.



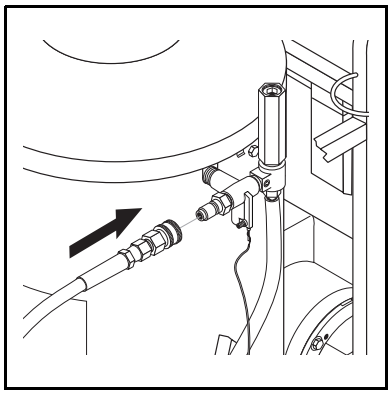
Assembly Instructions



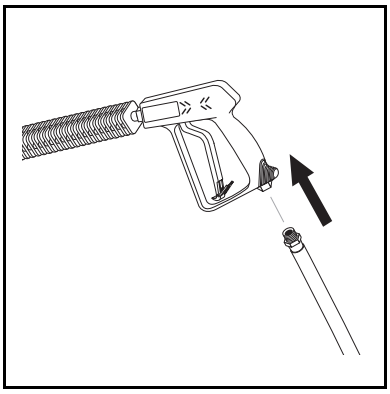
STEP 1: Connect water supply hose.



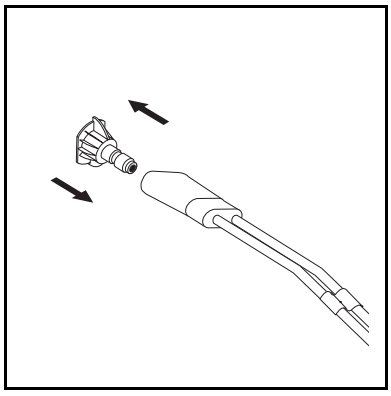
STEP 2: Check fuel tank and pump oil levels.



STEP 3: Connect high pressure hose to discharge nipple by sliding quick coupler collar back. Insert quick coupler onto discharge nipple and secure by pushing quick coupler collar forward.



STEP 4: Attach the high pressure hose to the spray gun using teflon tape on hose threads.



STEP 5: Connect the high pressure hose to the pump discharge fitting. Push coupler collar forward until secure.

Installation

Place machine in a convenient location providing ample support, draining and room for maintenance.

This machine is intended for outdoor use. Machine must be stored indoors when not in use.

Location:

The location should protect the machine from damaging environmental conditions, such as wind, rain, and freezing.

1. This machine should be run on a level surface where it is not readily influenced by outside sources such as strong winds, freezing temperatures, rain, etc. It should be located to allow accessibility for refilling of fuel, adjustments and maintenance. Normal precautions should be taken by the operator of the machine to prevent moisture from reaching the electrical controls.
2. It is recommended that a partition be made between the wash area and the machine to prevent water spray from coming in contact with the machine. Excess moisture reaching any electric components or electrical controls will reduce machine life and may cause electrical shorts.
3. During installation of the machine, beware of poorly ventilated locations or areas where exhaust fans may cause an insufficient supply of oxygen. Sufficient combustion can only be obtained when there is a sufficient supply of oxygen available for the amount of fuel being burned. If it is necessary to install a machine in a poorly ventilated area, outside fresh air may have to be piped to the burner and a fan installed to bring air into the machine.

Avoid small locations or areas near exhaust fans.

Electrical:

This machine, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance to local codes. Check for proper power supply using a volt meter.

Placement:

Do not locate near any combustible material. Keep all flammable material at least 20 feet away.

Allow enough space for servicing the machine.

Local code will require certain distances from floor and walls. (Two feet away from walls should be adequate.)

Water Source:

The water source for the pressure washer should be supplied by a minimum 5/8" I.D. garden hose with a city water pressure of not less than 30 PSI. If the water supply is inadequate, or if the garden hose is kinked, the attached pressure washer will run very rough and the burner will not fire.

Connection:

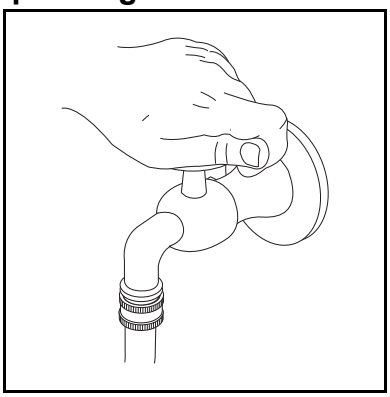
Connect the wand, nozzle, hose and spray gun (where applicable). On pipe thread connections, use teflon tape to avoid water leaks. (See Component Identification).

Venting:

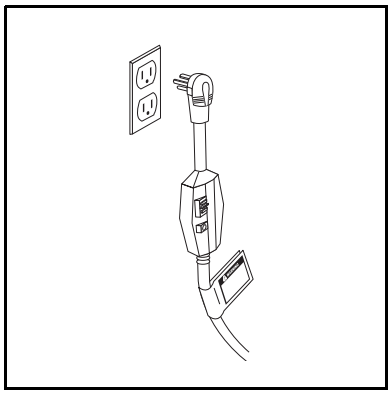
Adding exhaust vent pipe to your oil fired burner is not recommended because restricted air flow causes carbon build-up, which affects the operation, and increases maintenance on the coil. If a stack must be used, refrain from using 90° bends. If the pipe can not go straight up then use only 45° bends and go to the next size pipe. The overall pipe length must not exceed 6 feet in length*.

NOTE: After vent pipe installation test burner using a smoke tester and adjust air setting to achieve a #3 or below results.

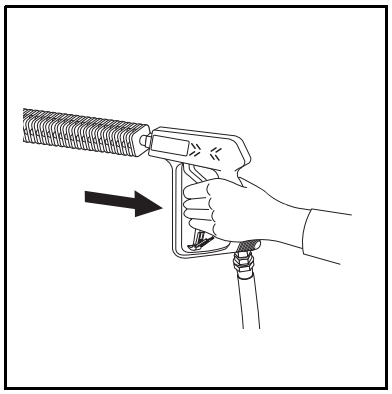
Operating Instructions



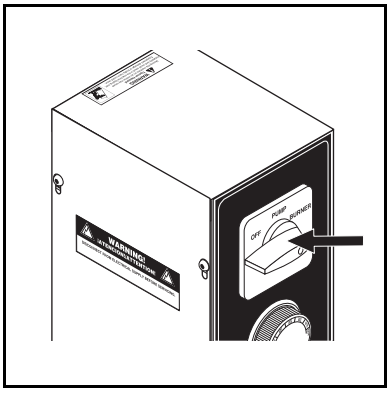
STEP 1: Turn water on.



STEP 2: Connect the power cord into the proper electrical outlet, then push in the GFCI reset button. (Refer to serial plate for information).



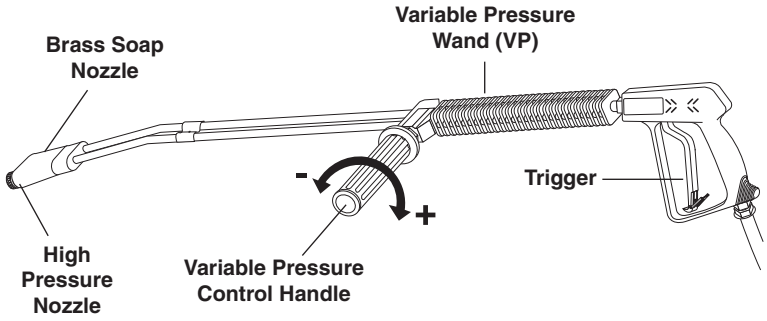
STEP 3: Grip spray gun handle securely and pull trigger. Then turn variable pressure control handle counterclockwise.



STEP 4: Before installing nozzle, turn on water supply and run machine, allowing water to flush through the system until clear.

Turn switch to pump position. When a steady stream of water flows from the spray gun and wand the machine is ready for cold water cleaning by turning the variable pressure control handle clockwise to raise the pressure.

For hot water washing, turn the switch to the burner position. (The burner will light automatically when the trigger on the spray gun is pulled.)



Selection of high or low pressure is accompanied by turning the handle.

NOTE: High pressure nozzle must be inserted at end of wand to obtain high pressure. To apply soap read Detergents & General Operating Techniques.

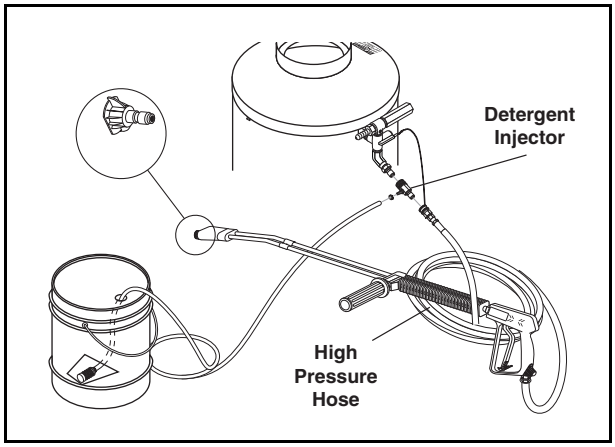
Detergents & General Operating Techniques

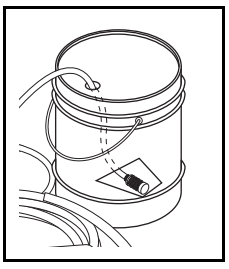


WARNING: Some detergents may be harmful if inhaled or ingested, causing severe nausea, fainting or poisoning. The harmful elements may cause property damage or severe injury.

AVERTISSEMENT : Certains détergents peuvent être dangereux s'ils sont inhalés ou ingérés, provoquant de fortes nausées, des évanouissements et l'empoisonnement. Les éléments dangereux peuvent causer des dommages à la propriété ou des blessures graves.

STEP 1: Connect detergent injector to discharge nipple on machine, Connect high pressure hose to injector with quick coupler (check to make sure locking coupler sleeves are in proper position before applying water pressure.

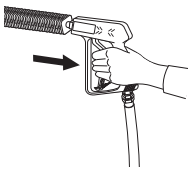




STEP 2: Use detergent designed specifically for pressure washers. Household detergents could damage the pump. Prepare detergent solution as required by the manufacturer. Fill a container with pressure washer detergent. Place the filter end of detergent suction tube into the detergent container.

STEP 3: Apply safety latch to spray gun trigger. Turn variable pressure control handle until discharge water exits both tubes. Secure black detergent nozzle into quick coupler if you have a single wand.

NOTE: Detergent cannot be applied using Red, Yellow, Green or White nozzles.



STEP 4: With the engine running, pull trigger to operate machine. Liquid detergent is drawn into the machine and mixed with water. Apply detergent to work area. Do not allow detergent to dry on surface.

Thermal Pump Protection

If you run the engine on your pressure washer for 3-5 minutes without pressing the trigger on the spray gun, circulating water in the pump can reach high temperatures. When the water reaches this temperature, the pump protector engages and cools the pump by discharging the warm water onto the ground. This thermal device prevents internal damage to the pump.

Cleaning Tips

Pre-rinse cleaning surface with fresh water. Place detergent suction tube directly into cleaning solution and apply to surface at low pressure (for best results, limit your work area to sections approximately 6 feet square and always apply detergent from bottom to top). Allow detergent to remain on surface 1-3 minutes. Do not allow detergent to dry on surface. If surface appears to be drying, simply wet down surface with fresh water. If needed, use brush to remove stubborn dirt. Rinse at high pressure from top to bottom in an even sweeping motion keeping the spray nozzle approximately 1 foot from cleaning surface. Use over-lapping strokes as you clean and rinse any surface. For best surface cleaning action spray at a slight angle.

Recommendations:

- Before cleaning any surface, an inconspicuous area should be cleaned to test spray pattern and distance for maximum cleaning results.
- If painted surfaces are peeling or chipping, use extreme caution as pressure washer may remove the loose paint from the surface.
- Keep the spray nozzle a safe distance from the surface you plan to clean. High pressure wash a small area, then check the surface for damage. If no damage is found, continue to pressure washing.

CAUTION - Never use:

- Bleach, chlorine and other corrosive chemicals
- Liquids containing solvents (i.e., paint thinner, gasoline, oils)
- Tri-sodium phosphate products
- Ammonia products
- Acid-based products

These chemicals will harm the machine and will damage the surface being cleaned.

ATTENTION : Ne jamais utiliser :

- Eau de Javel, produits à base de chlore et autres produits chimiques corrosifs
- Liquides contenant des solvants (c.-à-d. diluant à peinture, essence, huiles, etc.)
- Produits à base de tripolyphosphate de sodium
- Ammoniac ou produits à base d'acide

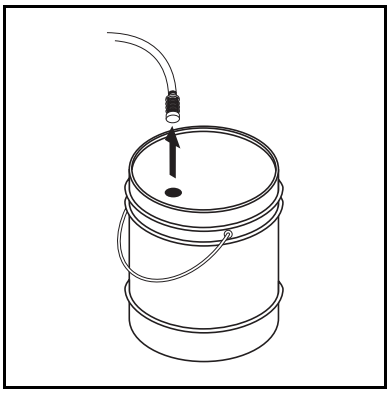
Ces produits chimiques endommageront la machine et endommageront la surface étant nettoyée.

Rinsing

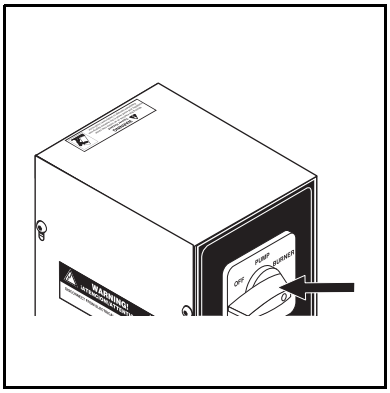
It will take a few seconds for the detergent to clear. Apply safety latch to spray gun. Remove black soap nozzle from the quick coupler. Select and install the desired high pressure nozzle.

NOTE: You can also stop detergent from flowing by simply removing detergent siphon tube from bottle.

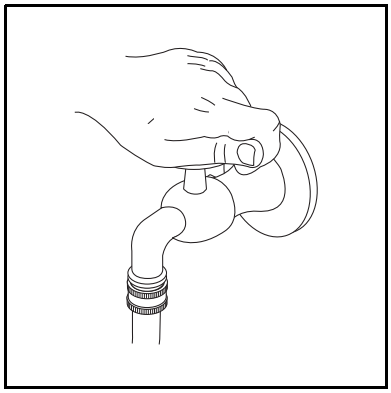
Shutting down & Cleaning Up



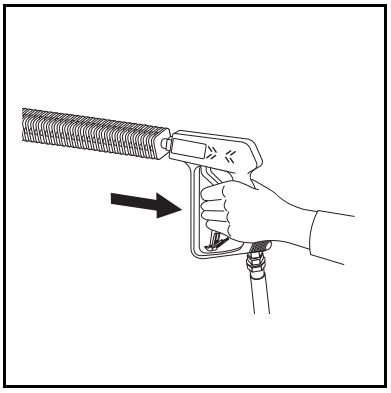
STEP 1: Remove detergent suction tube from container and insert into 1 gallon of fresh water. Turn variable pressure wand handle for low pressure or connect the black detergent nozzle. Pull trigger on spray gun and siphon water for one minute



STEP 2: Turn burner switch off and continue spraying water, allowing the water to cool. After water has cooled to less than 100°F, turn the attached pressure washer off.



STEP 3: Turn off water supply.



STEP 4: Turn garden hose water off. Open the spray gun to relieve remaining pressure.

Storage

CAUTION: Always store your pressure washer in a location where the temperature will not fall below 32°F (0°C). The pump in this machine is susceptible to permanent damage if frozen. FREEZE DAMAGE IS NOT COVERED BY WARRANTY.

ATTENTION : Toujours entreposer la laveuse à pression dans un endroit où la température ne sera pas inférieure à 0°C (32°F). La pompe sur cette machine est susceptible de subir des dommages si elle est exposée au gel. LES DOMMAGES DUS AU GEL NE SONT PAS COUVERTS PAR LA GARANTIE.

1. Stop the pressure washer, squeeze spray gun trigger to release pressure.
2. Detach water supply hose and high pressure hose.
3. Turn on the machine for a few seconds, until remaining water exits. Turn motor off immediately.
4. Drain the fuel from the fuel tank.
5. Do not allow high pressure hose to become kinked.
6. Store the machine and accessories in a room which does not reach freezing temperatures.

CAUTION: Failure to follow the above directions will result in damage to your pressure washer.

ATTENTION : Le non-respect des directives ci-dessus entraînera des dommages à la laveuse à pression.

When the pressure washer is not being operated or is being stored for more than one month, follow these instructions:

1. Replenish pump oil to upper level.
2. Drain fuel from fuel tank, fuel line and filter.
3. Cover the pressure washer and store in a clean, dry place that is well ventilated away from open flame or sparks.

After Extended Storage

CAUTION: Prior to restarting, thaw out any possible ice from pressure washer hoses, spray gun or wand.

ATTENTION : Avant de redémarrer, faire fondre la glace se trouvant sur les boyaux, le pistolet pulvérisateur ou la lance de la laveuse à pression.

Preventative Maintenance

1. Use clean fuel — kerosene, No. 1 home heating fuel or diesel fuel. Clean or replace fuel filter every 100 hours of operation. Avoid water contaminated fuel as it will seize up the fuel pump. De-soot coils monthly. Use an additive if diesel is being used.
2. Check to see that the attached pressure washer water pump is properly lubricated.
3. Follow winterizing instructions to prevent freeze damage to pump and coils.
4. Always neutralize and flush detergent from system after use.
5. If water is known to be high in mineral content, use a water softener on your water system, or de-scale as needed.
6. Do not allow acidic, caustic or abrasive fluids to be pumped through the system.
7. Always use high grade quality cleaning products.
8. Never run attached pressure washer pump dry for extended periods of time.
9. If machine is operated with smoky or eye burning exhaust, coils will soot up, preventing water from reaching maximum operating temperature. (See section on Maintenance and Service).
10. Never allow water to be sprayed on or near the motor or burner assembly or any electrical component.
11. Delime coils as per instructions.

It is advisable, periodically, to visually inspect the burner. Check air inlet to make sure it is not clogged or blocked. Wipe off any oil spills and keep equipment clean and dry.

The areas around the pressure washer should be kept clean and free of combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

The flow of ventilating air to the burner must not be blocked or obstructed in any manner.

Maintenance & Service

Unloader Valves:

Unloader valves trap pressure in the line when a shut-off spray gun is closed. Machines with unloader valves are preset and tested at the factory before shipping. Tampering with the factory settings may cause personal injury and/or property damage and will void the manufacturer's warranty.

Winterizing Procedure:

Damage due to freezing is not covered by warranty. Adhere to the following cold weather procedures whenever the washer must be stored or operated outdoors under freezing conditions.

During winter months, when temperatures drop below 32°F, protecting your machine against freezing is necessary. Store the machine in a heated room. If this is not possible then mix a 50/50 solution of anti-freeze/water or windshield washer fluid with water in a 5 gallon bucket. Place a short section of garden hose into the bucket and connect it to the machine. Elevate the bucket and turn the pump on to siphon the anti-freeze through the machine. If compressed air is available, an air fitting can be screwed into the inlet connector and by injecting compressed air, all water will be blown out of the system.

If you have an optional float tank, pour the antifreeze into this tank and run machine until antifreeze exits discharge nipple.

High Limit Hot Water Thermostat:

For safety, each machine is equipped with a high limit control switch. In the event the temperature of the water should exceed its operating temperature, the high limit control will turn the burner off until the water cools.

Pumps:

Use only SAE 30 weight non-detergent oil. Change oil after first 50 hours of use. Thereafter, change oil every three months or at 500 hour intervals. Oil level should be checked by using the dipstick found on the top of the pump or by the red dot visible through the oil gauge window. Oil should be maintained at that level.

Cleaning of Coils:

In alkaline water areas, lime deposits can accumulate rapidly inside the coil pipes. This growth is increased by the extreme heat build up in the coil. The best prevention for liming conditions is to use high quality cleaning detergents. In areas where alkaline water is an extreme problem, periodic use of deliming powder will remove lime and other deposits before coil becomes plugged.

Deliming Coils With A Pressure Washer:

Periodic flushing of coils is recommended.

1. Fill a 5 gallon bucket with 4 gallons of water, then add 1 lb. of deliming powder. Mix thoroughly.
2. Remove the high pressure nozzle from the pressure wand and put the wand into the bucket. Secure the trigger on the spray gun into the open position.
3. Attach a short section (3-5 ft.) of garden hose to the attached pressure washer to siphon solution from the elevated bucket. Start up pressure washer, allowing solution to be pumped through pressure washer and into HPB coils and back into the bucket. Solution should be allowed to circulate 2-4 hours.
4. After circulating solution flush entire system with fresh water.

Removal of Soot In Heating Coil:

In the heating process, fuel residue in the form of soot deposits may develop between the heating coil pipe and block air flow which will affect burner combustion. When soot has been detected on visual observation, the soot on the coil must be washed off after coil has been removed using the following steps:

1. Remove the tank head assembly by unscrewing the three tek screws and lifting the tank head off.
2. Remove the two pipe nipples and associated fittings.
3. Lift the coil out of the outer wrap.

Caution: The coil weighs about 80 lbs. Use proper lifting techniques.

ATTENTION : La bobine pèse environ 36.3 kg (80 lb). Utiliser des techniques de levage appropriées.

4. Clean, repair and replace the coil by reversing the above steps.

Coil Reinstallation

Reinstall by reversing the above steps 4 through 1.

Rupture Disk

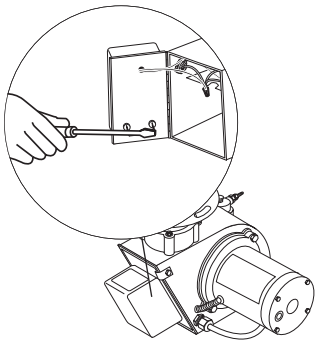
If pressure from pump or thermal expansion should exceed safe limits, the rupture disk will burst, allowing high pressure to be discharged through hose to ground. When the disk ruptures, it will need to be replaced.

Fuel:

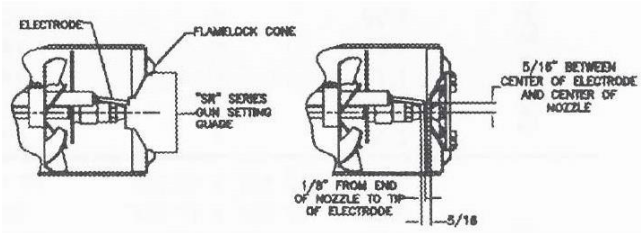
Use clean fuel oil that is not contaminated with water and debris. Replace fuel filter and drain tank every 100 hours of operation. Use Kerosene No. 1 or No. 2 Heating Fuel (ASTM D306) or diesel only. NEVER use gasoline in your burner tank. Gasoline is more combustible than fuel oil and could result in a serious explosion. NEVER use crankcase or waste oil in your burner. Fuel unit malfunction could result from contamination.

Ignition Circuit:

Periodically inspect wires, spring contact and electrodes for condition, security and proper spacing. For transformer test (CAUTION 10,000 VOLTS) use defect free insulated screwdriver and keep fingers off blade! Lay blade across one contact: OK if arc will span 1/2" between end of blade and other contact.



Electrode Setting:



Burner Nozzle:

Keep the tip free of surface deposits by wiping it with a clean, solvent-saturated cloth, being careful not to plug or enlarge the nozzle. For maximum efficiency, replace the nozzle each season.

Fuel Control System:

This machine utilizes a fuel solenoid valve located on the fuel pump to control the flow of fuel to the combustion chamber. This solenoid is activated by a pressure switch located on the unloader valve. When an operator releases the trigger on the spray gun, the pressure drops, allowing the pressure switch to activate the fuel solenoid. The solenoid then closes, shutting off the supply of fuel to the combustion chamber. Controlling the flow of fuel in this way gives an instantaneous burn or no burn situation, thereby eliminating high and low water temperatures, and combustion smoke normally associated with machines incorporating a spray gun. Periodic inspection is recommended to insure that the fuel solenoid valve functions properly. This can be done by operating the machine and checking to see that when the trigger on the spray gun is in the off position, the burner is not firing.

Fuel Pressure Adjustment:

To adjust fuel pressure, First install a pressure gage into the port just after the pump fuel exit. Turn the adjusting screw (located at the regulator port) clockwise to increase, and counterclockwise to decrease. Do not exceed 200 psi or lower the pressure below 130 PSI, when checked at the post-pump pressure port.

The fuel pressure may need to be adjusted due to altitude. For every 500 ft altitude above sea level, the boiling point of water goes down 1 °F. At high altitude environments, this boiling point change may require the heat input to be lowered so the water input does not turn to steam earlier than at the factory settings and activate the pressure sensors and pressure relief equipment when the unit is operated and much higher altitudes from factory settings or local dealer site settings. Check with your dealer before making local site fuel pressure adjustments.

Also, as ambient temperature changes seasonally, the fuel temperature in the feed tank and air temperature inlet can impact fuel flow. In more extreme temperatures, this local-site adjustment may also require different fuel nozzles for fuel inlet temperatures that are at seasonal extremes (higher or lower) in locations where the temperature changes are beyond moderate temperatures of between 40°F and 90°F. Colder temperatures will make for a thicker flow and less fine a fuel spray while hotter temperatures will make for a thinner flow a more fine spray with the same nozzle. Consider alternate nozzle configurations from the baseline factory-supplied nozzle for operating in such temperature extremes if performance is not meeting needs with air band and fuel pressure settings alone.

NOTE: When changing fuel pump, a by-pass plug must be installed in return line port or fuel pump will not prime

Air Adjustment

The oil burner on this machine is preset for operation at altitudes below 500 feet. If operated at higher altitudes, it may be necessary to adjust the air band for a #1 or #2 smoke spot on the Bacharach scale.

To adjust, start machine and turn burner ON. Loosen two locking screws found on the air band and close air band until black smoke appears from burner exhaust vent. Note air band position. Next, slowly open the air band until white smoke just starts to appear. Turn air band halfway back to the previously noted position. Tighten locking screws.

For higher altitudes, the air band opening may need to be increased; for lower altitude, the air band may need to be decreased.

For higher humidity, the air band opening may need to be increased; for lower relative humidity, the air band may need to be decreased.

For higher ambient temperatures the air band opening may need to be increased; for lower ambient temperatures, the air band opening may need to be decreased.

Adjust to your operating location's environment as-needed for best smoke spot and performance compliant with local, state, and federal regulations.

To adjust: start machine and turn burner ON. Loosen the two locking screws found on the air band openings (refer to illustrations) and close air band until black smoke appears from burner exhaust vent. Note air band position. Next, slowly open the air band until white smoke just starts to appear. Turn air band halfway back to the black smoke position previously noted. Tighten locking screws.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Low Operating Pressure	Faulty pressure gauge	Install new gauge.
	Insufficient water supply	Use larger garden hose; clean filter washer at water inlet.
	Old, worn or incorrect spray nozzle	Match nozzle number to machine and/or replace with new nozzle.
	Plumbing or hose leak	Check plumbing system for leaks. Retape leaks with teflon tape.
	Faulty or mis-adjusted unloader valve (where applicable)	Adjust unloader for proper pressure. Install repair kit when needed.
	Worn packing in pump	Install new packing kit.
	Fouled or dirty inlet or discharge valves in pump	Clean inlet or discharge valves.
	Worn inlet or discharge valves	Replace with valve kit.
Detergent Not Drawing	Air leak	Tighten all clamps. Check detergent lines for holes.
	Valve in the injector head may be blocked, dirty or damaged	Clean or replace valve in injector.
	Filler screen on detergent suction hose plugged	Clean or replace.
	Dried up detergent plugging metering valve	Disassemble and clean thoroughly.
	High viscosity of detergent	Dilute detergent to specifications.
	Hole in detergent line(s)	Repair hole.
	Low detergent level	Add detergent if needed.
	Discharge water temperature above 180°F	Lower discharge water temperature.
Pump Running Normally but Pressure Low on Installation	Pump sucking air	Check water supply and possibility of air seepage.
	Valves sticking	Check and clean or replace if necessary.
	Unloader valve seat faulty	Check and replace if necessary.
	Nozzle incorrectly sized	Check and replace if necessary (See serial plate for proper size).
	Worn piston packing	Check and replace in necessary.
Fluctuating Pressure	Valves worn	Check and replace if necessary.
	Blockage in valve	Check and replace if necessary.
	Pump sucking air	Check water supply and air seepage at joints in suction line.
	Worn piston packing	Check and replace if necessary.
Pump Noisy	Air in suction line	Check water supply and connections on suction line.
	Broken or weak inlet or discharge valve springs	Check and replace if necessary.
	Excessive matter in valves	Check and clean if necessary.
	Worn bearings	Check and replace if necessary.

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
Low Water Temperature	Improper fuel or water in fuel	Drain fuel tank and replace with proper fuel.
	Low fuel pressure	Increase fuel pressure.
	Weak fuel pump	Check fuel pump temperature. Replace pump if needed.
	Fuel filter partially clogged	Replace as needed.
	Soot build up on coils	Clean coils with soot remover.
	Lime build up on coils	Clean inside of coils using coil cleaner.
	Improper burner nozzle	See Burner Specifications.
Water Temperature Too Hot	Incoming water to machine warm or hot	Lower incoming water temperature.
	Fuel pump pressure too high	Lower fuel pressure.
	Fuel pump defective	Replace fuel pump.
	Detergent line sucking air	Tighten all clamps. Check detergent line for holes.
	Defective high limit switch (thermostat)	Replace.
	Incorrect fuel nozzle size	See Burner Specifications.
	Insufficient water supplied	Check GPM to machine.
	Restricted water flow	Check nozzle for obstruction, proper size.
Machine Smokes While Burner Unit Is Running Or Unit Smokes At Cold Start Only When Burner Is Off	Improper air adjustment	Readjust air bands on burner assembly
	Fuel pressure is low <140 psi for burner	Adjust fuel pump pressure to specifications
	Burner nozzle is plugged or dirty	Replace nozzle. Check parts breakdown for nozzle size
	Burner nozzle spray pattern is faulty	Replace nozzle. Check parts breakdown for nozzle size
	Heavy accumulation of soot on coils and burner assembly	Remove coils and burner assembly, clean thoroughly Call local dealer
	Misaligned electrode setting	Realign electrodes to specifications
	Obstruction in smoke stack	Check for insulation blockage or other foreign objects
	Low engine RPM	Increase RPM to correct specs. See serial plate
	Fuel Pressure is too high for clean burn (fuel PSI above 140 and below 200) and smokes when burner is off	Reduce fuel pressure PSI/Increase air band set for cleaner without max water heat loss

Maintenance

This pressure washer was produced with the best available materials and quality craftsmanship. However, you as the owner have certain responsibilities for the correct care of the equipment. Attention to regular preventative maintenance procedures will assist in preserving the performance of your equipment. Contact your Pressure Washers dealer for maintenance. Regular preventative maintenance will add many hours to the life of your pressure washer. Perform maintenance more often under severe conditions.

Maintenance Schedule		
Replace Fuel Lines		Annually
Pump Oil	Inspect	Inspect the oil level daily
	Change	After first 50 hours, then every 500 hours or annually
Clean Burner Filter		Monthly (More often if fuel quality is poor)
Remove Burner Soot		Annually
Burner Adjustment/Cleaning		Annually
De-scale Coil		Annually (More often if required)
Replace High Pressure Nozzle		Every 6 months
Replace Quick Connects		Annually
Clean Water Screen/Filter		Weekly
Clean Float/Supply Tank		Every 6 months
Replace HP Hose		Annually if there is sign of wear
Grease Motor		Every 10,000 hours
Replace Burner Nozzle		Annually

Oil Change Record

Date Oil Changed Month/Day/Year	Estimated Operating Hours Since Last Oil Change

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