

KARCHER FLEET ALUMINUM BRIGHTENER

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 7/18/2022 Revision date: 7/16/2024 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form Mixture Product code 5353KNA

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

KARCHER NORTH AMERICA 6398 N Karcher Way Aurora, 80019 **United States** T 303-738-2400 info@karcherna.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 800-535-5053

For Chemical Emergency Call INFOTRAC 24hr/day 7days/week

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-535-5053 Outside USA and Canada: 1-352-323-3500

(collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3	H301	Toxic if swallowed
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 2	H310	Fatal in contact with skin
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3	H331	Toxic if inhaled
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Carcinogenicity Category 1A	H350	May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation, oral)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard Category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Full text of H statements : see section 16		

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)









Signal word (GHS US)

Hazard statements (GHS US) H301+H331 - Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage

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Precautionary statements (GHS US)

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H350 - May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation, oral)

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.

P311 - Call a POISON CENTER, a doctor.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).

P322 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P361+P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

 ${\sf P403+P233-Store\ in\ a\ well-ventilated\ place.\ Keep\ container\ tightly\ closed.}$

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None under normal conditions.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
SULFURIC ACID	CAS-No.: 7664-93-9	20 – 30
HYDROFLUORIC ACID	CAS-No.: 7664-39-3	5 – 10
QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, (HYDROGENATED TALLOW ALKYL)BIS(HYDROXYETHYL)METHYL, ETHOXYLATED, CHLORIDES	CAS-No.: 68187-69-9	1 – 5

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Name	Product identifier	%
ALCOHOLS, C8-C10, ETHOXYLATED	CAS-No.: 71060-57-6	1 – 5
BUTHOXYETHANOL	CAS-No.: 111-76-2	1 – 5
COCOAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE	CAS-No.: 61789-40-0	0.13 – 0.195

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Call a physician immediately. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Burns.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Heating increases the fire hazard.

Explosion hazard : No direct explosion hazard.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not

breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.

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6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer

to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : In case of spill, use hydrofluoric acid specific spill kit.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle

until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not get in eyes, on

skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not

eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

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Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: LiquidAppearance: Liquid.Color: Colorless

Odor : Characteristic odour

pH : 1.5 – 3.5

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Toxic if swallowed.

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Fatal in contact with skin.

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Acute toxicity (inhelation)	Inhalation dust mist. Tavia if inhalad	
	Inhalation:dust,mist: Toxic if inhaled.	
FLEET ALUMINUM BRIGHTENER	97.644 malka hadu wajaht	
ATE US (oral)	87.644 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	88.914 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.885 mg/l/4h	
QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, (HYDROGENATED TALLOW ALKYL)BIS(HYDROXYETHYL)METHYL, ETHOXYLATED, CHLORIDES (68187-69-9)		
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight	
SULFURIC ACID (7664-93-9)		
LD50 oral rat	2140 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, 95% CL: 1540 - 2990	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	0.375 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
ATE US (oral)	2140 mg/kg body weight	
HYDROFLUORIC ACID (7664-39-3)		
ATE US (oral)	5 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	5 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	100 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	0.5 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.05 mg/l/4h	
ALCOHOLS, C8-C10, ETHOXYLATED (71060-	57-6)	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight	
BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)		
LD50 oral rat	1746 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 oral	1414 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Guinea pig, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.26 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))	
ATE US (oral)	1414 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Causes severe skin burns. pH: 1.5 – 3.5	
BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)		
рН	No data available in the literature	
Serious eye damage/irritation :	Causes serious eye damage. pH: 1.5 – 3.5	
BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)		
рН	No data available in the literature	
Respiratory or skin sensitization :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	

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Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer (Dermal, Inhalation, oral).

National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status Known Human Carcinogens

BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)

IARC group 3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified STOT-single exposure : Not classified

BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)

STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)

NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days) > 150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)

Viscosity, kinematic 3.642 mm²/s (20 °C)

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Burns.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

ErC50 algae

NOEC (chronic)

Ecology - general : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SULFURIC ACID (7664-93-9)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus)
NOEC (chronic)	0.15 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tanytarsus dissimilis
NOEC chronic fish	0.31 mg/l Test organisms (species): Salvelinus fontinalis
BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	
2000 - 1 1311[1]	1474 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	

1840 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata,

Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

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BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)	
NOEC chronic fish	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio) Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

FLEET ALUMINUM BRIGHTENER		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, (HYDROGENATED TALLOW ALKYL)BIS(HYDROXYETHYL)METHYL, ETHOXYLATED, CHLORIDES (68187-69-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
SULFURIC ACID (7664-93-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
HYDROFLUORIC ACID (7664-39-3)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
ALCOHOLS, C8-C10, ETHOXYLATED (71060-57-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
COCOAMIDOPROPYL BETAINE (61789-40-0)		
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable	
BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Persistence and degradability

BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (Experimental value, BASF test, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

Readily biodegradable in water.

12.4. Mobility in soil

BUTHOXYETHANOL (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	65.03 mN/m (20 °C, 2 g/l)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.451 – 0.882 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional waste regulation : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2922

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 (6.1) Hazard labels (DOT) : 8, 6.1





14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2922

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B3 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks and

DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59

F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 1 L

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

: 30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

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14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

SULFURIC ACID	CAS-No. 7664-93-9	20 – 30%
HYDROFLUORIC ACID	CAS-No. 7664-39-3	5 – 10%

SULFURIC ACID (7664-93-9)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb

HYDROFLUORIC ACID (7664-39-3)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H310	Fatal in contact with skin

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Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or

permanent injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur. NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire

conditions.



Hazard Rating

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is Health

given

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids,

solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT

react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Personal protection : X - Special handling directions

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.